

The text:**Father of Algerian Nationalism**

Ahmed Messali Hadj was an Algerian nationalist politician leader. This famous leader was born on May 16th, 1898 in Tlemcen, where he grew up, and learnt the Holy Quran and received a religious education influenced by the **Darqawiyya Sufi order**⁽¹⁾ and also educated in a local French primary school. Later, He founded the (ENA) "*North African Star*" (1926 – 1937), the (PPA) "*Algerian People's Party*" (1937 – 1939), the (MTLD) "*Movement for the Triumph of Democratic Liberties*" (1946 – 1954) before dissociating himself from the armed struggle for Independence in 1954. He also founded the (MNA) "*Algerian National Movement*" (1954) to counteract the on-going efforts of the (FLN) "*National Liberation Front*" (1954). He defended his land and protected the Algerian values, language and religion to keep the Algerians unified against their enemy. Consequently, he became one of the most prominent Algerian nationalists seeking to remove all French forces and to end French colonial rule in Algeria. He died on June 3rd, 1974 in Paris, France.



Adapted from: <https://en.wikipedia.org/>

(1) **Darqawiyya Sufi order** = was a revivalist branch of the Shadhiliyah which originated in Morocco.

PART ONE (14 pts)**A/- Reading Comprehension****(07 pts)**

I read the text carefully and do the following activities:

Activity One: (03 pts) I complete the bibliographical notes.

Bibliographical Notes		
➡ Title:		➡ Author:
➡ Source:		➡ Date of Publication:
➡ Type of Document:		
<input type="checkbox"/> Blog Article	<input type="checkbox"/> Press Article	<input type="checkbox"/> Web Article

Activity Two: (02 pts) I read the following statements and write 'true', 'false' or 'not mentioned'.

- 1- Messali Hadj is from Tlemcen.
- 2- He completed the Holy Quran at the age of 10.
- 3- He founded the (FLN).
- 4- He died at the age of 76.

Activity Three: (02 pts) I find in the text words that are closest in meaning to the following:

well-known =

established =

B- Mastery of Language**(07 pts)****Activity One: (02 pts) I supply the punctuation and the capital letters where necessary.**

messali hadj served in the french army from 1918 to 1921

Activity Two: (03 pts) I turn the following sentences to the passive.

- 1- France colonized Algeria in 1830.
- 2- Messali Hadj visited Paris in 1923.
- 3- The Algerian leaders protected our national identity.

Activity Four: (02 pts) I find in the text four words that have the following sounds.

/ei/ (make)	/ai/ (five)
1-	1-
2-	2-

PART TWO: Written Expression**(06 pts)**

You have received an email from an American friend of yours, he/ she asked you to write him a reply in which you describe one of the outstanding figures in your country. You have chosen "Ferhat Abbas". Write him/ her your reply.

This ID Card may help you:

ID CARD

- **Name:** Ferhat Abbas
- **Date of Birth:** August 24th, 1899
- **Place of Birth:** a village south of Taher, Jijel
- **Date of Death:** December 24th, 1985
- **Place of Death:** Algiers
- **Nationality:** Algerian
- **Education:** Educated first at Skikda where he received his baccalaureate and attended the pharmacy school at the University of Algiers. After graduating he worked as a pharmacist at Setif
- **Occupation:** pharmacist, politician, and a president of the National Assembly and the first acting President after independence

**DO NOT SIGN YOUR NAME.**

The text:**Father of Algerian Nationalism**

Ahmed Messali Hadj was an Algerian nationalist politician leader. This famous leader was born on May 16th, 1898 in Tlemcen, where he grew up, and learnt the Holy Quran and received a religious education influenced by the **Darqawiyya Sufi order**⁽¹⁾ and also educated in a local French primary school. Later, He founded the (ENA) "**North African Star**" (1926 – 1937), the (PPA) "**Algerian People's Party**" (1937 – 1939), the (MTLD) "**Movement for the Triumph of Democratic Liberties**" (1946 – 1954) before dissociating himself from the armed struggle for Independence in 1954. He also founded the (MNA) "**Algerian National Movement**" (1954) to counteract the on-going efforts of the (FLN) "**National Liberation Front**" (1954). He defended his land and protected the Algerian values, language and religion to keep the Algerians unified against their enemy. Consequently, he became one of the most prominent Algerian nationalists seeking to remove all French forces and to end French colonial rule in Algeria. He died on June 3rd, 1974 in Paris, France.



Adapted from: <https://en.wikipedia.org/>

(1) **Darqawiyya Sufi order** = was a revivalist branch of the Shadhiliyah which originated in Morocco.

PART ONE (14 pts)**A/- Reading Comprehension****(07 pts)**

I read the text carefully and do the following activities:

Activity One: (03 pts) I complete the bibliographical notes.

Bibliographical Notes		
➡ Title: Father of Algerian Nationalism	➡ Author: /	
➡ Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/	➡ Date of Publication: /	
➡ Type of Document:		
<input type="checkbox"/> Blog Article	<input type="checkbox"/> Press Article	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Web Article

Activity Two: (02 pts) I read the following statements and write 'true', 'false' or 'not mentioned'.

- 1- Messali Hadj is from Tlemcen. **True**
- 2- He completed the Holy Quran at the age of 10. **Not mentioned**
- 3- He founded the (FLN). **False**
- 4- He died at the age of 76. **True**

Activity Three: (02 pts) I find in the text words that are closest in meaning to the following:

well-known = **famous**

established = **founded**

B- Mastery of Language**(07 pts)****Activity One: (02 pts) I supply the punctuation and the capital letters where necessary.**

messali hadj served in the french army from 1918 to 1921
Messali Hadj served in the French army from 1918 to 1921.

Activity Two: (03 pts) I turn the following sentences to the passive.

- 1- France colonized Algeria in 1830. *Algeria was colonized by France in 1830.*
- 2- Messali Hadj visited Paris in 1923. *Paris was visited by Messali Hadj in 1923.*
- 3- The Algerian leaders protected our national identity.
Our national identity was protected by the Algerian leaders.

Activity Four: (02 pts) I find in the text four words that have the following sounds.

/ei/ (make)	/ai/ (five)
<i>famous – May – later – dissociating – liberation – became – etc...</i>	<i>by – primary – Triumph – unified – died – etc ...</i>

PART TWO: Written Expression**(06 pts)**

You have received an email from an American friend of yours, he/ she asked you to write him a reply in which you describe one of the outstanding figures in your country. You have chosen "Ferhat Abbas". Write him/ her your reply.

New Message ✖ ↶

To | Cc Bcc

Hi John,

How are you doing? I hope you're doing well. I received your last email that you asked me to give you some information about an outstanding figures in the world. I'm glad to give you the following information about "Ferhat Abbas".

"Ferhat Abbas" is an Algerian pharmacist, politician, and a president of the National Assembly and the first acting President after independence. He was born on August 24th, 1899 in a village south of Taher, Jijel . He educated first at Skikda where he received his baccalaureate and attended the pharmacy school at the University of Algiers. After graduating he worked as a pharmacist at Setif. This well-known leader died on December 24th, 1985 in Algiers.

This is a brief information about this famous artist if you want I will give you more information in my next email.

keep in touch.
Your friend. .

Send